## In the Claims:

Please amend claims 1, 2, 3, 9, 16 and 17 as follows:

- 1. (Currently amended) A chip 100 comprising: an array of hexagonal cells 104;
- a plurality of interconnects 130-including Y's 108-connecting the cells in clusters 106-of three cells each wherein the cells in the clusters are interconnected.
- 2. (Currently amended) The chip of claim 1 wherein the Y connecting each cluster has a node 114-and three interconnects connecting the node to respective ones of the cells within a cluster;

wherein each Y connects each cell of its respective cell group to the node.

- 3. (Currently amended) The chip of claim 2 wherein the plurality of interconnects are formed on a plurality of levels—110, 116, wherein nodes of Y's connecting clusters of a lower level are interconnected by Y's of a higher level;
- 4. (Original) The chip of claim 3 wherein each of the Y's on a particular level is oriented in a direction that is rotated by 90° from the Y's on a next lower level and is rotated by 90° from the Y's on a next higher level.
- 5. (Original) The chip of claim 1 wherein the chip has a shape of a convex polygon having at least five sides.
- 6. (Original) The chip of claim 5 wherein the polygon is symmetrical to directions of the interconnect.

- 7. (Original) The chip of claim 1 wherein each of the clusters comprises three cells arranged and routed in three symmetrical directions.
- 8. (Original) The chip of claim 7 wherein the cells of each cluster are arranged and routed at directions of 0°, 60°, and 120° with respect to the node.
  - 9. (Currently amended) A chip 100-comprising:
  - a plurality of circuit elements 104-disposed on a layer;
- a hierarchical, nonblocking interconnection architecture connecting the plurality of circuit elements;

wherein the interconnection includes a plurality of interconnects 130-joining clusters 106-of the circuit elements, and wherein the plurality of interconnects form a mesh that is symmetrical with respect to directions of the interconnects.

- 10. (Original) The chip of claim 9 wherein the array has a non-rectilinear structure.
- 11. (Original) A method of selecting a nonblocking routing architecture including a plurality of interconnects interconnecting a plurality of cells, the method comprising:

determining a length L of each of the plurality of interconnects in each of a plurality of the routing architectures;

determining a shortest route length D along the plurality of wires between each pair of cells in the plurality of cells for each of the plurality of interconnects in each of a plurality of the routing architectures;

multiplying L x D to determine a cost M for each of the plurality of interconnects in each of a plurality of the routing architectures;

selecting one of the plurality of architectures having the smallest M.

12. (Original) The method of claim 11 further comprising:

determining a derivative benefit for each of the plurality of routing architectures, where the derivative benefit is

$$I = -\frac{\Delta D}{\Delta L} \ ,$$

where  $\Delta D$  represents the change of D and  $\Delta L$  represents the change of L; selecting one of the plurality of architectures having a maximum derivative benefit.

13. (Original) The method of claim 11 wherein

 $L = \sum$  length of each wire; and wherein

 $D = \sum_{1 \le i < j \le P} d_{i,j}$  for all values i and j where  $d_{i,j}$  is a shortest route length between a

node i and a node j.

14. (Original) A method of adding an interconnect to a plurality of cells in a chip, the plurality of cells being connected by a hierarchical architecture, the method comprising:

selecting a location between a pair of adjacent cells wherein the pair of adjacent cells is connected to each other only at a root of the hierarchical architecture;

forming a bridge between the pair of adjacent cells at the selected location.

15. (Original) The method of claim 14 wherein the bridge is arranged to be a shortest Euclidean distance connection between the pair of adjacent cells.

16. (Currently amended) A multicell chip <del>100</del> comprising:

an interconnection architecture—130, the interconnection architecture comprising a plurality of interconnects interconnecting a plurality of cells—104, 140, the interconnects having a tree structure;

the plurality of cells including a pair of physically adjacent cells having a single lowest common ancestor;

the interconnection architecture further comprising a bridge <del>170</del> connecting the pair of adjacent cells and providing a direct connection between the adjacent cells.

17. (Currently amended) A multicell chip <del>100</del> comprising: an array <del>102</del> of cells <del>104</del>, <del>140</del>;

a plurality of interconnects 130-interconnecting the array of cells, the plurality of interconnects being arranged in k hierarchical layers, adjacent hierarchical layers comprising interconnects in respectively different directions;

n-k layers comprising a connection path for providing a signal to the k hierarchical layers;

at least one via extending from the n-k layers and through at least one of the k layers;

the k hierarchical layers further comprising at least one tunnel for detouring one of the interconnects on a hierarchical layer around the via, the at least one tunnel including a detouring wire on a hierarchical layer connected to the interconnect to complete a signal path.

## 18. (Original) The multicell array of claim 17 further comprising:

a bank of tunnels for detouring around a plurality of vias, each of the tunnels of the bank being arranged in a similar pattern and each of the tunnels including detouring interconnects routed in a hierarchical layer different from the layer of the interconnects connected to the tunnel, the detouring interconnects forming a complete signal path with the interconnects.

- 19. (Original) The chip of claim 4 wherein all cells are interconnected to other cells.
  - 20. (Original) The chip of claim 10 wherein the chip has a hexagonal shape.
- 21. (Original) The chip of claim 16 wherein the interconnection architecture comprises an X-architecture having a root at n level, and wherein the bridge connects nodes at a level n-2.
- 22. (Original) The chip of claim 16 wherein the interconnection architecture comprises a H-architecture having a root at n level, and wherein the bridge connects nodes at a level n-3.
- 23. (Original) The chip of claim 16 wherein the interconnection architecture comprises a Y-architecture having a root at n level, and wherein the bridge connects nodes at a level n-2.